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	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Exploring the Linguistic and Conceptual Landscape: The Case of the Toponym 'Saryarka' in Kazakh Cultural Discourse	Bazarbekov, B., Tleuberdiev, B., Kulanova, S., Roziyeva, D., Khussainova, G.	2024	International Journal of Society, Culture and Language 12(1), с. 353-361	0

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<input type="checkbox"/> Ilimkhanova, L.	(6) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Perlenbetov, M.	(6) >
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Тип документа	v
Стадия публикации	v
Название источника	v
Ключевое слово	v

Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования	
<p>In this article, it was determined that the worldview fragments of the ethnos code in mind are stored through non-linguistic information in the content of the concept and toponyms. From this point of view, in addition to the language usages in the works of Seydimbek, the cognitive toponyms themselves have their own characteristics, which are hidden from the history and culture of our people. It was mentioned that the model structure of the "field concept" in the Saryarka plain includes various associations and a set of indigenous knowledge. The richness of the Saryarka toponym reflects not only the physical attributes of the region but also the deep-seated cultural and spiritual connections of the Kazakh people to their environment. The main purpose of the study was to show concepts in the toponymic space of Seydimbek's works in a set of various associations and background knowledge to the model structure of the concept of "Uly Dala" in the Saryarka plain.</p>					
<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Problems of prevention of criminal offenses related to the use of water resources in Kazakhstan	Sabyr, A., Ramazanova, A., Koishybaiuly, K., Zhanibekov, A., Apakhayev, N.	2024	World Water Policy 10(1), с. 22-36	0
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<p>The protection of the environment and its elements is the responsibility of modern society for the possibility of its development in the future. That is why the issues of protection of this category of relations are relevant today in the legal plane. It is important to establish not only an effective mechanism for punishing the guilty but also for preventing the commission of criminal offenses against natural objects. The purpose of the study is to identify effective approaches for the prevention of crimes related to the use of water bodies. In the study, the methods of analysis and synthesis, comparison, deduction, generalization, formal legal, and abstraction were applied. As a result, it was possible to determine that the current state of water bodies in Kazakhstan is deteriorating, so they may be at a crisis level in the future. In view of this, the paper investigated the composition of a criminal offense related to the illegal use of water bodies. This made it possible to determine the current position of the legislator on the regulation of this issue in the legal dimension. In addition, the methods and tools that are used in Kazakhstan to prevent the spread of this type of criminal offense were established. Based on this, their shortcomings were analyzed, and proposals were developed to improve the process of preventing such crimes. Therefore, the place of environmental crimes in the modern criminal law doctrine was determined, and international experience in preventing such offenses was considered. The practical value of the findings is the possibility of using them to develop new national strategies and programs aimed at countering crimes in the field of water use.</p>					

- Организация ▼

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	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Distance learning technologies and their legal regulation in the Republic of Kazakhstan	Apakhayev, N., Mussabekova, I., Buggybay, D., Kuandykov, K., Koishybaiuly, K.	2024	E-Learning and Digital Media Статья в печати	0
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This study addresses the pressing relevance of implementing distance learning technology in the Republic of Kazakhstan across various educational levels, guided by the framework of legal regulation. The study aims to investigate the benefits of using diverse distance learning technologies in modern education, improving access, motivation, and flexibility while fostering environmental awareness and societal prosperity. The chosen methodology is based on the diagnostic testing method to assess and analyze the educational needs and preferences of students. The study involved 100 participants, ranging in age from 19 to 26, from the Abai Kazakh National Pedagogical University. The study shows important signs and criteria for incorporating distance learning into legal rules in a way that works. These include factors related to the environment, motivation, cognition, analysis, and culture. This transformation of education aligns with real-life situations, adapting to changing circumstances and allowing students to select distance learning when necessary. The implementation of modern technology in distance education facilitates profound knowledge acquisition while accommodating evolving personal circumstances, ultimately fostering a conducive environment for continued high-quality education at cognitive and social levels.

<input type="checkbox"/> 4	Performance criteria for vocational training of physical education teachers <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Berekbussunova, G., Yerkinbekova, M.A., Komekbayeva, L., Kuandykova, B., Uakpaeva, U.A.	2024	Retos 51, с. 534-542	0
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The rapid development of science and technology and the social, economic and cultural changes taking place in modern society are putting on the agenda of the training of highly qualified and competitive specialists in the field of physical education and sport. The specifics of the professional activities of these specialists point to the need to modernize the content, forms and methods of higher education in this field. The objective of the study is to define criteria, indicators and describe the level of preparedness of future physical education teachers. To achieve the objective of the study, the following were used: analysis, comparative analysis, retrospective analysis, synthesis, comparison, content analysis of regulations in the field of physical education and sports, a study of personal experience in teaching; systematization and generalization; abstraction and classification. The article defines the structure of the preparation of future physical education teachers for professional activity. The analysis of scientific literature and in-house experience in teaching made it possible to identify motivational, value-based, cognitive, procedural and emotional components of the readiness of future specialists for recreational activities. Their own sub-structure, interrelationship and interdependence are indicated. The criteria (motivational, cognitive, activity and personal) with the indicators and levels (low, medium, high) of the readiness of future physical education teachers for professional activities in recreational activities have been defined. It has been stated that students with a high level of readiness for professional activity are well acquainted with the use of recreational and health-improving means. They are thoroughly and consciously conversant in modern technologies of recreational activity, with a creative approach they use the acquired knowledge to solve the given tasks. Work in the field of physical recreation is related to a stable feeling of psychological comfort, emotional activity, with confidence in raising social status and qualification.

<input type="checkbox"/>	5	Development of stress resistance (on an example of athletes' training) [Desarrollo de la resistencia al estrés (en un ejemplo de entrenamiento de atletas)] <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Kozhan, A., Yerkinbekova, M., Omarova, S., Turniyazova, Z., Davletova, A.	2024	Retos 51, с. 211-218	2
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The relevance of the scientific work is caused by the priority of carrying out a detailed analysis of the influence of stress on the formation of psychological stability in professional athletes at the stage of preparation for competitions. The purpose of this study is to analyze and evaluate the impact that stress, depression, exhaustion and other negative factors have on the preparation of athletes for competition. To achieve this objective, several issues should be pursued, the content of which reflects the sequence of the stages of the study: to study the theoretical and methodological aspects of the influence of stress on the formation of psychological resilience; analyze the main trends in athlete ability to cope with stress; to study the main methods of forming psychological stability; develop methodological approaches to assess the impact of stress on psychological resilience; develop a set of proposals for psychological assistance to athletes in preparation for competitions. The key method in this scientific work is system analysis. It was applied in order to study the idea of the formation of psychological stability as a tool for combating stress factors in the context of the complex multi-component structure of professional sports. During the research, various methodological tools were used, such as the logical analysis method, the comparative method, the synthesis and deduction methods, the classification method, and the questionnaire method. The scientific work reveals the results of the research in the form of a table showing the results of stress assessment in the group of athletes and students; Factors affecting psychological stability are described; The factors influencing the probability of development of post-traumatic stress disorder are presented. The articles are of practical value to psychologists, sports coaches, teachers and students in the field of psychology and physical education.

<input type="checkbox"/> 6	Adoption of the administrative procedural code as the implementation of Kazakhstan's legal policy concept	Apakhayev, N.Z., Ramazanova, A.S., Bugybay, D.B., Adilova, K.A., Kopbayev, D.Z.	2023	International Journal of Electronic Security and Digital Forensics 15(5), с. 468-481	0
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The purpose of this study is to investigate the features and innovations of the Administrative Procedural Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan (APCRK) within the framework of Concept adopted by the Kazakh government. To achieve this purpose, the following methods were employed: analysis, synthesis, comparison, and induction. In particular, the study employed the method of comparative analysis of approaches to the study of administrative justice of European states. The main conclusion of the study is that at present, the APCRK constitutes a combination of laws that contained disconnected norms for the regulation of relations between citizens and public authorities. The applied value of this study lies in offering recommendations for improving the introduced innovations in the APCRK.

<input type="checkbox"/>	7	Educating future primary schoolteachers to create a communication culture through educational technologies <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Sharipkhojayeva, Z., Amirova, A., Zhanar, A., (...), Meirimgul, Y., Lyazzat, K.	2022	Cypriot Journal of Educational Sciences 17(8), с. 2709-2719	0
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The purpose of this research is to get the opinions of teacher candidates to train future primary schoolteachers to create a communication culture through educational technologies. This study was created with the qualitative research method. The study group of the research consists of 40 teacher candidates studying in the primary school teaching department at various universities in Kazakhstan. Research data were collected with a semi-structured interview form developed by the researchers. As a result of the research, while the majority of primary schoolteacher candidates found themselves sufficient in using technology, they found themselves moderately competent in using educational technologies. In addition, the vast majority of teacher candidates consider themselves inadequate in providing education through educational technologies. The majority of primary schoolteacher candidates participating in the research stated that educational technologies have a positive effect on creating a communication culture. Primary schoolteacher candidates stated that programmes related to educational technologies and creating a communication culture should be developed in universities. It is necessary to implement the suggestions of pre-service teachers on improving the communication culture and to organise the education given at universities in this direction.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 8	Scientific Basis of Improving the Quality of Secondary Education: on the Example of Kazakhstan <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Atem, M.N., Kussainov, A.K., Sametova, F.T., Algozhaeva, N.S.	2022	European Journal of Contemporary Education 11(1), с. 161-170	0

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This article discusses the issue of improving the quality of secondary education on a scientific basis. Improving the quality of secondary education is an urgent problem. In this regard, the unsatisfactory results of international studies, such as PISA, PIRLS, which determine the quality of secondary education, have led to the need for research on this problem. Before the study, the quality of education in developed countries was analyzed and the scientific literature was studied. A concept and formula for improving the quality of secondary education on a scientific basis was developed, and a study was organized according to this formula. The experiment was carried out on the basis of a four-sided memorandum signed by the Academy of Pedagogical Sciences, the Turkestan Regional Department of Education, the Nazarbayev Intellectual School and the South Kazakhstan State University named after M. Auezov. In the 2019–2020 academic year 39 schools, 2733 students and 353 teachers from Ordabasy, Tolebi and Otyrar districts of Turkestan region took part in the experiment. The article provides information on the course and results of the experiment. In the course of the experiment, a comparative analysis of quarterly grades was carried out to determine the quality of students' knowledge after work on improving the quality of secondary education.

<input type="checkbox"/> 9	Legal framework for external security of the Republic of Kazakhstan	Kassymzhanova, A.A., Usseinova, G.R., Baimakhanova, D.M., Ibrayeva, A.S., Ibrayev, N.S.	2022	International Journal of Electronic Security and Digital Forensics 14(2), с. 209-222	1
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The purpose of the study is to show the crux of the legal framework of the Republic of Kazakhstan in external security. The paper presents the main aspects of international legal treaties, documents, and agreements to ensure the external national interests of the Republic of Kazakhstan, which facilitate coordinated cooperation with other states. The main methods of the study include research, as well as a thorough analysis of laws and regulations. Comparison of the legislative framework of Kazakhstan with the laws of the USA and Russia makes it possible to identify the most practical component used in ensuring the external security of these states. As a result, imperfections and peculiar conflicts in the laws of Kazakhstan and Russia were revealed. Thus, the fundamental laws concerning external and national security require certain improvements and changes, in particular, the addition of new concepts in external security.

<input type="checkbox"/>	10	The role of international standards in improving labour law of the Republic of Kazakhstan to ensure the well-being of society	Buribayev, Y., Kim, E., Kenzhibekova, E., Shaigaliyev, M., Khamzina, Z.	2021	Rivista di Studi sulla Sostenibilita (2), с. 33-47	0
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The striving of the Republic of Kazakhstan for international integration and entry into influential international structures is impossible without the introduction of advanced experience in the field of labour law. Therewith, the labour law of each country is a unique and very broad branch of law; therefore, for the purposes of this study, such parameters as wages, provisions on weekends and holidays, as well as the issue of concluding and terminating an employment contract as the most fundamental labour law issues. To achieve the objectives of the study, the comparative method is used as the main one, both in horizontal and vertical aspects. At the same time, the classical inductive method is used to formulate many provisions as an addition. For comparison, the authors of the study take the experience of the United States, Russia, and China as the main trading partners of Kazakhstan, relations with which are of decisive importance for the country. From the stated provisions, it was concluded that the labour law of the Republic of Kazakhstan is quite progressive, although they need to be adjusted. Among the analysed provisions, first of all, it is necessary to correct the size of the minimum wage, as the most important economic and legal indicator, and also to consider the possibility of extending the minimum paid leave from 24 to 28 days. Therewith, the provisions on a written employment contract and the protection of employees from unjustified dismissal are quite progressive.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 11	Teaching somatic idioms during the corona crisis (based on historical and literary texts) <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Suiyerkul, B., Kurmanali, A., Smanova, B., Aitmukhambetova, K., Bayalieva, G.	2021	XLinguae 14(1), с. 81-90	0

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By the last millennium of the twentieth century, phraseology was established as an independent branch of linguistics, and now it is being developed in several directions. One of them is the theory of idioethnic phraseology. This doctrine considers the asymmetry in phraseology and the semantic description of the resulting phraseological units (PhU), the concept of phraseological paradigm (PhP), the “cap” as a phraseological category, and its relationship to phraseological derivation. This paper focuses on phraseological units and the difficulties in teaching students during the corona crisis. We use the World Bank’s data on Kazakhstan (summer 2020), building on the narrative that “the COVID-19 pandemic has a negative impact on the development of human capital not only in Kazakhstan, but all over the world. Uneven access to quality education, especially during the quarantine period, can negatively affect the development of human beings.” Because of said challenges, many educational establishments transferred the education system to distance learning. Teaching languages, especially when teaching phraseology, requires a lot of strength, a good grasp of modern technology, and innovative approaches. The aim of our research is to identify (1) the semantic field of the somatic idioms based on relevant historical and literary texts and (2) viable ways of teaching students during the corona crisis.

<input type="checkbox"/> 12	The formation of land conservation principles as the framework for the implementation of the concept of sustainable development of society	Abaikyzy, M., Yerkinbayeva, L.K., Aidarkhanova, K.N., Aigarinova, G.T., Baimbetov, N.S.	2020	International Journal of Sustainable Development and Planning 15(8), с. 1231-1240	1
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The development of land legislation in the context of globalisation, the desire of countries to more widely implement global and European standards of environmental policies, as well as the interest in the experience of legislative solutions to problems connected with the design and development of legal institutions in environmental protection in foreign countries, determine the relevance of this study. The purpose of the paper is to identify the main problems of land protection legislation and form on their basis the effective system of environmental regulation, combining administrative and legislative instruments with economic, regulatory and market mechanisms. Analysis of international legal acts is used as the leading research method. Considered the positive experience of legal regulation of the land issue of such democratic states as the USA, Great Britain, and Germany and other developed countries. The authors propose to introduce the Concept for the Protection of Lands from Pollution by Hazardous Substances, as well as the development and adoption of regional and national programs in which a separate section should address issues of land protection from pollution by hazardous substances. The practical significance of the study is determined by the need to integrate the land legislation industry into national environmental legislation.

□ 13	<p>ECONOMIC INSTRUMENTS TO SUPPORT THE POPULATION AND ELIMINATE THE CONSEQUENCES OF APPLYING EMERGENCY MEASURES TO PROTECT THE COUNTRY'S SECURITY</p> <p><i>Открытый доступ</i></p>	<p>Kaliakparova, G.S., Gridneva, Y.E., Assanova, S.S., Syzdykova, K.S., Sauranbay, S.B.</p>	2020	<p>Journal of Security and Sustainability Issues 10(1), с. 91-100</p>	0
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The constant presence of natural and anthropogenic hazards in the social development processes suggests the need to take them into account when predicting its development. Today, due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, various economic instruments have been implemented in most countries to support the population and stabilize the economy after taking emergency measures to prevent the incidence of coronavirus infection. Based on the expert survey, the authors have determined the socio-economic and macroeconomic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, different approaches to respond in various life spheres of the population, as well as measures undertaken by different countries to support the population and national economy in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 14	Economic security management at industrial enterprises: A case study <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Alpysbayev, K.S., Gridneva, Y.E., Kaliakparova, G.S., Saparbayev, A.D., Assanova, S.S.	2020	Journal of Security and Sustainability Issues 9(4), с. 1165-1176	10

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The article aims to identify destabilizing factors of economic security and to elaborate recommendations aimed to improve the efficiency of the development of Kazakh enterprises. The authors have used methods of theoretical research, analysis and synthesis, as well as methods of concretization and analogy and an expert survey conducted with their direct participation. Results of the conducted research show that there is a relatively favorable economic environment in industrial production in the Republic of Kazakhstan. However, according to the expert survey, business activity, liquidity and profitability have been falling at many industrial concerns. Among destabilization factors restricting the operation of industrial enterprises, the following dominate: insufficient demand for manufactured products, deficit of own financial resources, tougher market competition and macroeconomic uncertainty. Even though this study mainly covers a range of issues related to Kazakhstan, its conclusions are of interest for the development of an economic strategy at enterprises that operate in other emerging economies.

<input type="checkbox"/> 15	Labor disputes in kazakhstan: Results of legal regulation and future prospects	Khamzina, Z., Buribayev, Y., Almaganbetov, P., (...), Samaldykova, Z., Apakhayev, N.	2020	Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 23(1), с. 1-14	2
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The article analyzes the system settlement of labor disputes in Kazakhstan, its specific regulatory features and problems arising in the practice of resolving labor conflicts. The manuscript reviews and assesses the new model of the system for resolving an individual labor dispute, which has been in effect since January 1, 2016, with an emphasis on the existing legal regulation of the institution of labor disputes and, as a result, summarizing and formulating proposals for its improvement. The recommendations of the research are aimed at optimizing the mechanism for resolving labor disputes in Kazakhstan, ensuring decision-making on labor disputes by experts in this field, reducing the time for consideration and resolution of disputes, and relieving social tensions by introducing alternative conciliation procedures. This article argues that there is a need to rethink mechanisms for resolving individual disputes in order to increase their effectiveness. This happens in three stages. Firstly, we look at the current state of labor regulations in Kazakhstan's legislation in terms of legal form and practice and assert that the current mechanisms are poorly equipped to promote labor standards. Second, we are exploring ways to improve dispute resolution. Based on a review of current practice, we argue that the elements of mandatory pre-trial settlement of disputes are not enough to effectively enforce labor rights. We argue that in order for labor relations to be effective, the existing dispute resolution model must be complemented by new alternative dispute resolution methods. Thirdly, we are discussing options for creating special labor courts.

□	16	Legislative regulation of criminal liability for environmental crimes	Buribayev, Y.A., Khamzina, Z.A., Suteeva, C., (...), Kussainov, S.Z., Baitekova, K.Z.	2020	Journal of Environmental Accounting and Management 8(4), с. 323-334	6
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The only effective mechanism in the fight against global changes and processes is a conscious attitude to the problem of the planet's population. The purpose of the study was to compare the national and international experience in combating environmental crime and offenses, to identify advantages and disadvantages, and to develop proposals for possible improvement of existing legislation and practical tools in the matter of environmental offenses in the field of nature conservation. As a result, the system of ensuring and compliance with the criminal environmental legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, its weaknesses and strengths, advantages and disadvantages were considered.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 17	Legal culture of public servants: The comparative legal analysis of the formation practices of various countries	Alimbekova, M.A., Ibrayeva, A.S., Ichshanova, G.T., Useinova, K.R., Ibrayev, N.S.	2019	Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 10(7), с. 1956-1967	2

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The legal culture of public servants is determined by the fact that the legislation implements a mechanism for the formation of a moral component, which allows to limit the use of punitive measures and at the same time ensure compliance with the law in the framework of public administration processes. The relevance of the study is determined by the fact that a public servant, in addition to following state standards for dealing with citizens, must also follow the general social culture of observing the rule of law. The novelty of the study is determined by the fact that as the main component in the formation of the legal culture of public servants, it is necessary to consider the implementation of law and the corresponding moral standard directly in the legislation and, based on this position, implement practical activities both within the framework of the public administration system and within the framework of public interaction. The authors investigate the theoretical aspects of the implementation of this provision in the legislation of the countries of the Euroregion, Kazakhstan and the United States. The article shows that the main impact on the legal culture of public servants here is exerted by norms that are implicit in the legislation. The practical significance of the study is determined by the fact that the theoretical model under study will make it possible to adopt basic regulations on the basis of the principles of sustainability of the society functioning and to adopt the concept of development of the rule of law.

<input type="checkbox"/> 18	Specifics of receiving evidence in the criminal procedure of kazakhstan	Bekishev, A.K., Umirzakova, Z., Salamatovnaibraeva, A., Kutibaeva, E., Salamatovichibrayev, N.	2019	Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 10(3), с. 717-724	0
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The research discusses the specifics of receiving evidence in the criminal procedure of Kazakhstan. The authors of the article analyze the criminal procedure legislation of Kazakhstan related to receiving evidence during the pre-trial investigation of a criminal case. Having conducted a scientific analysis, they have determined the main features of receiving evidence in the criminal procedure. The study has revealed the main types of evidence and provided their characteristics. The authors have considered the procedural order of investigative actions that are based on receiving evidence (interrogation, face-to-face confrontation, presentation for identification, evidence verification and clarification at the scene, investigative experiment). According to the study results, the authors have concluded that the effectiveness of receiving evidence during the pre-trial investigation of a criminal case consists of many objective and subjective factors but the main ones are strict adherence to the corresponding law and professional skills of the official investigating the crime in question.

<input type="checkbox"/> 19	Implementing effective measures for preventing the concealment of criminal offenses by the police as a guarantee of national security	Bekishev, A.K., Kan, A.G., Ibrayeva, A.S., Dyussebaliyeva, S.S., Ibrayev, N.S.	2019	Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 10(3), с. 711-716	0
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The research dwells upon the issues of considering citizens' appeals by police officers, in particular, preventing the concealment of criminal offenses. The authors of the article have comprehensively investigated possible ways of concealing criminal offenses and proposed some measures for preventing such violations. They have also analyzed the information technologies used by internal affairs bodies in operational activities both in Kazakhstan and in other countries. The measures developed by the authors comprise the introduction of a new method of submitting citizens' appeals to the police, remote monitoring of the procedure for considering citizens' appeals and the modernization of the existing police stations and police dispatch centers. According to the results of a sociological survey, the above-mentioned measures can timely restrain police violations, respond to citizens' appeals and promptly disclose criminal offenses, thereby improving public confidence in police officers.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 20	Religious freedom and human rights in Kazakhstan	Podoprigora, R., Apakhayev, N., Zhatkanbayeva, A., (...), Kim, E.P., Sartayeva, K.R.	2019	Statute Law Review 40(2), с. 113-127	4

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Many post-Soviet governments are still unable to identify the attitude to religious freedom and religious activity. The human rights trend adjoins with a very suspicious attitude to the religious phenomena as a relic of the Soviet regime of the state–church relationships. Moreover, the professional communities and society as a whole were not appropriately prepared for the religious diversity or the new role of religion in public and private life. This article discusses why the government is very careful in the regulation of religious processes. The article also explains the reasons of inattention by Kazakhstani lawyers to human rights and religious issues and analyses the situation regarding religious freedom within frames of existing legislation in Kazakhstan.

<input type="checkbox"/> 21	Specifics of covert investigative activities in criminal proceedings	Bekishev, A.K., Kan, A.G., Ibrayeva, A., Dyussebaliyeva, S.S., Ibrayev, N.	2019	Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 10(1), с. 58-65	1
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Скрыть краткое описание ^ [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

The article considers specific provisions related to the institute of covert investigative activities in the legislation of Kazakhstan. The authors of the article conducted a systematic analysis of the Kazakh legislation and law enforcement, which determines gaps and contradictions hindering the effective application of rules governing the use of covert investigative activities. In addition, the article discloses issues regarding the concept of covert investigative activities and its use in special legal literature. According to the study results, the current legislation of Kazakhstan regulating the procedure and grounds for conducting covert investigative activities requires some revision. The authors state that it is necessary to amend and supplement the Kazakh legislation, as well as increase the efficiency of law enforcement agencies conducting covert investigative activities in the course of crime investigation.

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| <input type="checkbox"/> | 22 Prospects for the development of innovative economy in the Republic of Kazakhstan in the context of globalization [Перспективы развития инновационной экономики в Республике Казахстан в условиях глобализации] <i>Открытый доступ</i> | Abzhalelova, S.R. | 2019 | Journal of Siberian Federal University - Humanities and Social Sciences 12(12), с. 2128-2136 | 1 |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------|------|--|---|

Скрыть краткое описание ^ [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

The article considers the main directions of the innovation policy of Kazakhstan at the present stage of development.

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|--------------------------|--|---|------|-----------------------------------|----|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 23 Gender inequality among employees in Kazakhstan | Ryskaliyev, D.U., Mirzaliyeva, A., Tursynbayeva, G., (...), Buribayev, Y.A., Khamzina, Z.A. | 2019 | Lawyer Quarterly 9(4), с. 319-332 | 19 |
|--------------------------|--|---|------|-----------------------------------|----|

Скрыть краткое описание ^ [Связанные документы](#)

Gender discrimination remains an objective fact that accompanies the labor market in Kazakhstan. Employment, distribution of labor duties within the employees and imposition of new duties on the employee, above and beyond the stipulated labor contract, are accompanied by gender discrimination. Job advertisements include requirements for applicants' gender; at interviews, female applicants are directly asked discriminatory questions about fulfillment of family duties, plans to create a family or have children. At the same time, there are no questions about the possibilities of combining work and family duties when hiring a man with family responsibilities. There are no female representatives in senior positions of top state institutions, as well as among top managers of enterprises in quasi-public and private sectors, with some rare exceptions, and among the leaders of the regions, the capital, the cities of republican significance there has never been a woman. However, from the point of view of legislation, in Kazakhstan there are no problems with gender inequality in general and there is no discrimination in labor relations. The article argues for the need to take measures in Kazakhstan's society and the labor market towards achieving actual gender equality. Arguments in favor of enacting comprehensive anti-discrimination legislation aimed at combating direct and indirect discrimination, covering all prohibited grounds for discrimination, including gender identity, are presented. Recommendations have been developed to ensure full access of women to economic, social and cultural rights and their implementation in Kazakhstan.

<input type="checkbox"/> 24	Evaluation of influence of innovation on enterprise productivity <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Mukhametzhanova, Z.S., Daurenbekova, A.N., Zhanibekova, G.K., Syzdykova, K.S., Kaliakparova, G.	2019	Space and Culture, India 7(1), с. 186-193	1
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

In small and medium-sized enterprises of Kazakhstan, not enough attention has been paid to the relationship between innovation and enterprise productivity, as well as the measurement of the existing relationship. Therefore, the purpose of the article is to study the impact of innovations (productive or process, organisational, marketing) on the productivity of small and medium-sized enterprises of Kazakhstan. The data used in the research were obtained from the review conducted by the Business Environment and Enterprise Performance Survey and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the World Bank. Besides, the results of the survey among small and medium-sized enterprises of Kazakhstan conducted in 2012-2014 were considered as well. Based on the survey results, descriptive statistics and correlation and regression analysis were conducted. According to the results of the study and econometric analysis, model creation and evaluation, the positive impact of innovation, investment and R & D on the performance of small and medium-sized enterprises in Kazakhstan was established. In conclusion, it can be stated that in order to increase the level of innovative activity, enterprises must focus their activities on expanding the production of new or improved products, be competitive in the market due to the application of new technologies and improve the quality of products.

□	25	International legal regulation of environmental safety: In focus – Kazakhstan	Koshkinbaeva, A.S., Shaigaliyev, M.G., Buribayev, Y.A., Khamzina, Z.A., Khamzina, S.S.	2019	Rivista di Studi sulla Sostenibilita (1), c. 121-142	18
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Скрыть краткое описание ^ View at Publisher Связанные документы

Kazakhstan supports the principles of sustainable development, and at the Millennium Summit, like all UN member states, reaffirmed its commitment to achieving the Millennium Development Goals, which predetermines the need to review the environmental policy. One of the priorities should be to ensure the sustainable development of the country. Ecological safety, as an integral part of the national security of the country, is a prerequisite for sustainable development and is the basis for the preservation of natural systems and the maintenance of appropriate environmental quality. The article provides an overview of international environmental obligations of Kazakhstan. According to the results of the review of international treaties and some national reports on their execution, as well as taking into account the law enforcement practice and the recent regulatory legal acts, the following trends are obvious, taking into account the international obligations of Kazakhstan: improvement of national environmental legislation, including with a view to transition to a green economy; strengthening of a number of positions of national environmental requirements; strengthening of state environmental control in the field of emissions to the environment.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 26	Issues of gender equality in the workplace: The case study of Kazakhstan <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Ryskaliyev, D.U., Zhapakov, S.M., Apakhayev, N., (...), Buribayev, Y.A., Khamzina, Z.A.	2019	Space and Culture, India 7(2), с. 15-26	3

Скрыть краткое описание ^ View at Publisher Связанные документы

Family circumstances and gender equality are the factors which influence the formation of labour legislation and state policy in the sphere of wage labour. That is why this research analyses the issues of gender equality in workplace relations. The study uses unity and a differentiation method of wage labour employment regulation. This method allowed us to determine the specifics of workplace relations, which involve women and people with family responsibilities. It was established that the optimal legal regulation of women's labour and labour of people with family responsibilities must be directed at achieving gender equality in the workplace and creating the conditions under which women and other people would be able to combine work and family responsibilities. The creation of a supportive environment for workplace relations of the specified categories of workers must be implemented through both internal and global regulations. The activities on both levels are mutually reinforcing in nature. The article, having analysed the Labour Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan and international labour standards, submits suggestions about improvement of labour laws, draws conclusions about the necessity of legal protection for women and people with family responsibilities as well as the elimination of discriminating factors in relations regulated by labour laws.

<input type="checkbox"/> 27	Representation of the concept of time in the linguistic consciousness [Representación del concepto de tiempo en la conciencia lingüística]	Sametova, F., Chakyroglu, A.K., Smanova, B., Sarymbetova, A., Seidikenova, A.	2019	Opcion 35(88), с. 27-52	1
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Скрыть краткое описание ^ Связанные документы

The article deals with the representation of time in the linguistic consciousness of the representatives of different lingua cultures via comparative qualitative research methods. The paper also examines the results of the free association experiment, the aim of which was to determine the perception of the concept of time. As a result of the data of the associative experiment, the value-based and figurative components of the concept time were revealed. In conclusion, the associative field's analysis provides an opportunity to access directly the ways of storing images of linguistic consciousness of representatives of different linguistic cultures.

<input type="checkbox"/> 28	General sentencing principles as a guarantee of respect for the perpetrators' rights	Tleshaliyev, N.D., Kalaganov, B., Muksinova, A.T., Mukhamadiyeva, G.N., Buribayev, Y.A.	2018	Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 9(8), с. 2834-2844	0
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

The paper deals with the sentencing principles having not only theoretical but also practical significance because only in case of compliance with the general principles, the sentence applied to a perpetrator will not only be formally legal but also just and precisely substantiated. The objective of the research is to define the effect of the sentencing principles for the protection of the perpetrators' rights in the law enforcement practice, i.e. whether these principles guarantee the respect for the rights of this category of people. The topicality of this problematics is defined as theoretically and practically significant both at the national and at the international level because sentencing principles, as it was already mentioned above, allow avoiding fatal mistakes in sentencing, which will result in a higher effectiveness of the national criminal law and will contribute to the creation of a more substantiated and harmonized international criminal law. The analysis of the essence of these principles will allow defining the rationale and necessity of the use of sentencing principles in the law enforcement practice, as well as the influence of the principles on the respect for the perpetrators' rights, freedoms, and legal interests in the national and international legal processes.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 29	Review on the outer space legislation: Problems and prospects	Apakhayev, N., Omarova, A.B., Kussainov, S., (...), Tlepina, S.V., Kala, N.S.	2018	Statute Law Review 39(3), с. 258-265	8

Скрыть краткое описание ^ [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

The relevance of this study is determined by the fact that in addition to the space and belonging of a part of the cosmos to a certain territory, there is also a question of responsibility and expansion of the used space as a sovereign territory. Accordingly, the issue of flights coordination and spacecraft ownership to the country or territory of use is important. We carried out the analysis of legislation on the understanding of the very essence of spacecraft belonging to a certain territory and on interactions between countries in the joint use and management of such apparatuses. We have revealed that this issue affects not only scientific aspects but also economic aspects (because of high costs of these devices) as well as ideological reasons for security and national sovereignty development. It is noted that the world has created a fairly broad reserve for integration of innovations into the overall structure of national economy, and the application of space technology will accelerate this growth. At the same time, the legal field regulators fully contribute to the adoption of regulatory and legal acts regarding the creation of an environment for the space industry development. It is shown that each country regulates its space law in accordance with its own tasks of scientific and technological development. It is determined that the space program is the driver of the development and structuring of the entire scientific and technical sector of the country's economy. It was revealed to be of the greatest interest because of technical possibility of improving and building space technology not only for national use but also at the commission of other states.

<input type="checkbox"/> 30	Improving quality of legal regulation for social rights of family and child within new social course in the Republic of Kazakhstan	Bidaishiyeva, A., Nadirova, K.K., Kuldinova, S., (...), Khamzina, Z.A., Buribayev, Y.A.	2018	Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 21(1)	21
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Скрыть краткое описание ^ [Связанные документы](#)

The object of the study is the legal institution of the social protection of the family and child. The purpose of the study is the scientific and legal justification of the main parameters of the national social security system for maternity and childhood development, based on the current conditions for political, economic and social renewal of Kazakhstan; the need to implement international universal and regional social standards and the experience of implementing measures to support the world's population. Research methods: Analysis, synthesis, comparison, analogy, deduction, induction, abstraction, as well as comparative and legal, formal and legal, method of political and legal modelling. The following results were obtained: Substantiated the essence and individual prospects for the further development of social guarantees and the rights of the family and child as the most important direction of state social policy; monitoring of the results of law enforcement practice, legislation on social protection of the family and child was done; problems of realization of social relations on social security of the specified subjects are revealed, the foreign experience of the possibilities of introducing social standardization is summarized; for improving the legal norms that make up the institution of social protection of the family and child are presented, from the perspective of the implementation of international generally recognized parameters, as well as the development and implementation of a national standard for social protection and provision.

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- 31 Trends in developing financial innovations in the course of the economic development in Russia
Открытый доступ
- Ashimbayev, T., Tashenova, S., Sadvakassov, Y., Karshalova, A.
- 2018 Journal of Social Sciences Research 2018(Special Issue 3), с. 44-51
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

This article is devoted to studying trends in developing financial innovations in the Russian Federation, which represent implementation and promotion of the financial system with improved financial products, services and new processes to create a new financial structure, which ultimately accelerates the sustainable economic growth. The results obtained during this study show that four most promising segments can be identified in the long-term run, which should be taken into consideration while planning the development of financial innovations: payments and remittances, alternative financing, insurance and capital management. In Russia, the development of the above segments will depend on the creation and effective functioning of its financial technological (FinTech) ecosystem. This may be achieved by developing technologies and increasing demand for new services and innovative financial products through a set of measures aimed at providing capital to financial innovation companies, as well as improving the regulatory environment and developing human intellectual capital. This study has identified key initiatives that should be implemented to support the development of financial innovations and FinTech segments in Russia.

<input type="checkbox"/>	32	Problems of accounting and reporting of small agricultural businesses in the republic of Kazakhstan <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Bayboltaeva, N., Saparbayev, A., Ismailova, A., Makulova, A., Imatayeva, A.	2018	Journal of Social Sciences Research 2018(Special Issue 3), с. 67-75	7
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At the moment, small agricultural businesses operating in the Republic (limited liability partnerships, production cooperatives, peasant (farming) economies) need a more efficient regulatory framework regulating the organization of accounting and reporting according to their specificity. Their accounting should be simple, but at the same time it should allow obtaining complete and reliable information about ongoing processes in their current economic activity to operationally manage these processes. The article shows the study results, stipulates the reasonability of applying the simplified accounting and reporting model. It is shown that these problems can practically be solved by developing certain accounting registers and financial reporting forms that meet the requirements of the national legislation and allow most fully taking into account the economic activities of small agricultural businesses.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 33	Labour law of the modern Kazakhstan	Mukhamadiyeva, G.N., Kussainova, A.K., Baisalova, G.T., (...), Khamzina, Z.A., Buribayev, Y.A.	2017	Journal of Legal, Ethical and Regulatory Issues 20(1), с. 1-7	23

[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#)

[Связанные документы](#)

The article contains the complex analysis of questions of the labour law of the Republic of Kazakhstan. In work problems of a subject, a method, system of the labour law are investigated; the substance and the maintenance of sources of the labour law in the modern conditions of the Republic of Kazakhstan is considered; the system of the principles of the labour law is analysed; the system of the legal relationship developing in the sphere of wage labour is proved; the organization is studied and specifics of institute of social partnership are defined; problems of legal regulation of employment and employment. Relevance of subject is caused by interests of the state and society in high-quality fixing and a regulation of labour rights of the person in the modern legal system and the public relations. Author's interpretation of the concept of legal support of labour rights of the person is as a result formulated and proved. In work the conclusions and offers directed to perfecting of standards of the current labour legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and law-enforcement practice are formulated.

<input type="checkbox"/> 34	Legal basis for ensuring freedom of access to information on the operation of state administration bodies in Kazakhstan	Apakhayev, N., Koishybaiuly, K., Khudaiberdina, G., (...), Khamzina, Z.A., Buribayev, Y.A.	2017	Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 8(3), с. 722-729	19
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#)

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The paper deals with legal basis for ensuring freedom of access to information on the operation of state administration bodies in Kazakhstan. The notion, essence and content of citizen's constitutional right to information are analyzed. The issues of enforcement of the citizen's right to freely obtain information on the operation of state administration bodies, the forms and method of enforcement are covered in detail. The paper provides a scientific basis for the need for defining criteria to differentiate the legal component, content, and conceptual framework used in the field of affording legal access to information; the author's interpretation of individual terms is proposed. An analysis of legal ideas, principles, regulations, as well as provisions of the applicable legislation of Kazakhstan, which regulate public relations, ensuring freedom of access to information on the operation of state administration bodies, is carried out. The content and internal structure of the citizens' legal claims for free access to information is revealed. The introduction of the findings and recommendations will allow increasing the democratization level of the state management and Kazakhstan society as a whole, as well as increasing efficiency of operation of many state bodies and non-governmental organizations involved in the area of citizens' legal access to information on the operation of state bodies, will increase the quality of statutes in force.

<input type="checkbox"/> 35	Childhood legal protection in Kazakhstan	Apakhayev, N., Adilova, K., Buggybay, D., (...), Mukhamadiyeva, G.N., Koshpenbetov, B.M.	2017	Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 8(3), с. 714-721	1
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

The article is dedicated to the analysis of formation, establishment, legislative bases of securing and realization of the rights of the child. Within the framework of the research, have been identified conditions and prospects for improving legislation on the implementation of child rights. The research was carried out using the general scientific dialectic method of cognition of social processes and particular methods of the system approach: structural-functional, concrete-historical, formal-logical, comparative-legal analysis and classification method. The analysis covers a complex of issues and is based on the achievements of legal science, statistical data, and relevant expert assessments. The theoretical and practical significance of the work is that the findings, generalizations and recommendations can be used to improve legislation in the field of protecting children's rights, to develop targeted programs; in scientific research on the problems of institutionalization and the mechanism for implementing public policies to protect the rights of children. The materials and conclusions of the study can be useful for specialists from governmental, political and non-governmental organizations in the further development of government programs and measures aimed at the effective enforcement of the child's rights.

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| <input type="checkbox"/> 36 | Status of refugees in accordance with the international law and legislation of Kazakhstan | Omarova, A.B., Apakhayev, N., Koishybaiuly, K., (...), Buribayev, Y.A., Khamzina, Z.A. | 2017 | Journal of Advanced Research in Law and Economics 8(3), с. 971-979 | ○ |
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

This paper contains an attempt to study international legal framework of refugees' status and the standards of the national legislation of Kazakhstan devoted to legal regulation of refugees' position in an integrated manner. As a result of the study we analyzed the main stages of refugees' problem genesis in legal aspect; comparing different approaches and points of view we revealed the data about definition of the 'refugee' concept and developed a new definition based on their analysis; here we also represented the analysis of the both basic and supplementary international legal sources in the sphere of protection of refugees' rights; we conducted international legal analysis of activities of the international universal and regional bodies and organizations protecting refugees' rights; we also revealed the main directions of the policy and the situation in Kazakhstan regarding refugees; we worked out a series of recommendations on improvement of the national legislation of Kazakhstan in the sphere of protection of refugees' rights. It is stated that legal confirmation of the refugees' status is usually of declarative nature, which is in its turn a direct consequence of lack of a proper attention to the mechanisms for implementation of refugees' rights protection. It is also stated that efficiency of international legal regulation depends on the opportunities and ways of implementation of the international law standards in the national legal field. Thus, an elaborated well-adjusted mechanism for ensuring legal status of refugees should be efficiently applied towards them, their legal rights and freedoms should be observed and the measures for improvement of their position should be timely taken.

<input type="checkbox"/> 37	Current trends of legal regulation of relationships in the social protection sphere	Apakhayev, N., Madiyarova, A.S., Aigarinova, G., (...), Buribayev, Y.A., Khamzina, Z.A.	2017	Man in India 97(11), с. 221-231	1
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#)

[Связанные документы](#)

The research is devoted to the complex analysis of legal bases of the relations in the social protection sphere in the Republic of Kazakhstan. The problems of contents and the directions of legal regulation in relation to the social protection sphere are systematically investigated in this work. The definition of social protection as the subject of legal regulation, as the legal institute and as the special sphere of public relations in which the mechanism of guarantees of the social implemented rights is given. The questions of increase in efficiency of legal support in the social protection sphere are investigated. As a result, the conclusions and offers directed to improvement of standards of the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and law-enforcement practice in the context of process of forward formation of the Republic of Kazakhstan as the social state are formulated. While analyzing the problems of legal support of the social protection sphere, system approach which is provided with the versatile nature of legal regulation (standards of the constitutional, administrative, labor, medical, educational, housing right, the rights of a social assistance) is applied. Legal orientation of the research caused the need to use the scientific methods in jurisprudence: legalistic analysis, comparative and legal, logic-legal, historical methods. As a result, following aspects are offered: theoretical justification of social protection system bases; the perspective directions of the development of social protection institute; the argumentation of the idea about unification of the regulations making institute of social protection the unified codified act - the Social Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

<input type="checkbox"/> 38	Linguacultural features of the concept of "Time" in the Kazakh, Russian and Turkish proverbs and idioms	Kurmanali, A., Sametova, F., Auelbekova, S.	2016	Journal of Language and Literature 7(4), с. 291-296	2
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

The paper focuses on the representation of the concept "Time" in the Kazakh, Russian and Turkish proverbs and sayings. The main purpose of the study is to analyze the concept of "Time" in Kazakh, Russian and Turkish languages, to identify the content of this concept on the basis of Kazakh, Russian and Turkish proverbs and idioms, and to reveal national and cultural characteristics of Kazakh, Russian and Turkish languages related to time perception. In accordance with the purpose of our research, we have used the qualitative research methods such as comparative analysis and componential analysis as a tool to investigate common characteristics and distinctive features of time perception. All examples were chosen on the basis of continuous sampling, and 102 corresponding idioms and proverbs in Kazakh, Russian and Turkish were used as a material for our analysis. The comparative study of the concept of "Time" in Kazakh, Russian and Turkish pictures of the world as reflected in language shows that despite the cultural originality there are a lot of similarities in the attitudes of these ethnic groups towards time. The findings of the research can be used in the elective courses like cultural linguistics, ethnolinguistics and comparative phraseology and will serve as a material for compiling dictionaries of idioms and proverbs in lexicography.

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- 39 State as an institute of research on the personal political culture determinant: Concept of personal political culture, history, and research *Открытый доступ* Ilimkhanova, L., Perlenbetov, M., Gulnar, M., (...), Botagoz, S., Aiman, B. 2015 Mediterranean Journal of Social Sciences 6(1S1), с. 594-601 ○

[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

Every nation, to one extent or another, has the right to its own opinion and promotion of its own vision of political ideals and value contents. In this context, it should not go without mention other countries' negative experiences on their way towards modernization and transition from the industrial to post-industrial structure. Emphasis should be placed on the fact that even the best examples of disregarding the state national characteristics will not be accepted by the society, resulting in hostile attitude growth. Such changes are dangerous enough for Russia as a multinational state. Wrong interpretations of the methods to improve the population quality of life might lead to interethnic or inter-religious hostility, discrediting the democracy concept itself and inciting regress in the country development process. According to many researchers' opinions, the contemporary government is one of the most important research institutes of political culture determinants. Government appears as a result of the nation long-lasting historical development, its changes representing effective factors hindering or accelerating certain individual political culture patterns emergence. Nevertheless, a detailed overview of the respective issues requires studying the entry of the political culture concept, the interaction of this phenomenon's determinants, and becoming aware of the significance of government as an institute of research on the political culture elements and transformations in terms of the societal impact and attitude.

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| <input type="checkbox"/> | 40 Civic identity as a determinant of cultural identity in a multicultural society: Almaty as a model
<i>Открытый доступ</i> | Ilimkhanova, L., Perlenbetov, M., Topanova, G., (...), Fessenko, N., Ussin, Z. | 2014 | Mediterranean Journal of Social Sciences
5(20), с. 2543-2549 | 0 |
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

Ethnocultural identification is self-realization that unites an individual with society. Ethnocultural and personal identity leads to the formation and development of one's civic/ethnic identity. Increasing complexity of social relationship structures has transformed different groups. Ethnicity has entered a higher-order identification system (economic, political, ideological), and is acquiring various cultural and political shades, which suggests the presence of dynamic blocks for identification of structures in consciousness that reflect individual response to social changes. Using Almaty as the model, our study clarifies the significance of identities of specific ethnic groups in the formation of cultural identity in a multicultural society. Using the city of Almaty as the model, our study clarifies the significance of the identities of specific ethnic groups in the formation of a cultural identity in a multicultural society. With the acquisition of the State independence of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the issue of ethnicity was a special place. Ethnic Kazakhs got political power and became a privileged group, while the second largest group are ethnic Russians have become "new minority" or even "diaspora" (a term used by some Kazakh ideologues). As a result, this categorization of citizens of one country has contributed to the strengthening of their ethnic identity, which, in turn, has become a problem for the successful formation of a nationwide public-civil identity.

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| <input type="checkbox"/> | 41 | Personal culture political behavior in the globalization process. basis and conditions of russian political culture emergence in the course of the globalization period. Factors determining the society transformation rate aimed at the modern russia globalization programs implementation
<i>Открытый доступ</i> | Ilimkhanova, L., Perlenbetov, M., Topanova, G., (...), Gani, B., Sadykova, Z. | 2014 | Mediterranean Journal of Social Sciences
5(23), с. 2649-2655 | 0 |
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[Скрыть краткое описание ^](#) [View at Publisher](#) [Связанные документы](#)

In the course of the XXth century last decades, a series of social changes in most state and social life areas incited evolvement of large-scale changes in the world community. Globalization played the most important role in the development of obvious changes, which had an impact on spiritual, political, economic and social areas within the society at the beginning of the XXI-th century. This process had an impact on the political culture as well; this culture represents one of the most significant elements, forming the basis of modern communities setting up and development. At the same time, the society political psychology matter was raised as a natural consequence of the changes in process. The social and philosophic analysis of globalization-based changes occurred in the personal culture political behavior area in the framework of Russian community generates a keen interest among contemporary research workers and it represents a topical issue in the context of examination of the social environment, its changes and the individual behavior based on the political culture changes. Running title Globalization. Impact and effect of changes on the personal culture political behavior.

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|-----------------------------|---|--|------|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 42 | Organization and activity patterns of a psychology department within the university. Psychology services' organization models and analysis of their modernization opportunities by the example of Russia and Kazakhstan. Demand for the psychology services' new activity patterns development within a poly-ethnic society
<i>Открытый доступ</i> | Ilimkhanova, L., Perlenbetov, M., Baimoldayev, T., (...), Akzholova, A., Alzhanova, L. | 2014 | Mediterranean Journal of Social Sciences
5(20), с. 2589-2596 | 0 |
|-----------------------------|---|--|------|---|---|

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The contemporary society requires that the individual extends his competency area, but keeps it well-balanced at the same time, and develops his ability to set up a personal strategy of his further life activity. For this reason, people increasingly need effective support to develop their self-efficacy. This resulted in a great popularity and quick development rates of psychology services specialized in diverse areas of human life activity. During the last decades the psychology services' potential is oriented at the educational system modernization. Relevance of this research refers to analyzing the university psychology departments' forms and organization patterns, studying the institution main development trends, as well as the efficiency of its implementation in Russia's modern educational system.

	Название документа	Авторы	Год	Источник	Цитирования
<input type="checkbox"/> 43	Self-consciousness issues in modern society. Changes in public life and its impact on the social self-conscience. The self-consciousness issue in multicultural society <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Ilimkhanova, L., Perlenbetov, M., Kurganbekov, M., (...), Saduakas, G., Issabayeva, D.	2014	Mediterranean Journal of Social Sciences 5(20), с. 2574-2581	0


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In the course of its XXth century development, the Russian society came to know opposite trends in terms of the political, ideological, social and economic transformation stages. This is the result of transition from the social and economic identification to the ethno-social one. The numerous researches performed showed that identifying the reasons of these aspects would be possible after a more detailed examination of principles referring to the investigation of both national and general self-consciousness of the Russian society individuals. The result of the investigation is the evaluation of the Russian society general self-consciousness and the problem of its transformation under the influence of the Russian state policy changes. The purpose of this process is identifying solutions to current problems and minimizing risks of the selfconsciousness instability and personal identity conflict.

<input type="checkbox"/> 44	Psychological factors, Influencing the national political culture within a multi-ethnic society, Role of socialization and globalization for the multinational state political culture development <i>Открытый доступ</i>	Ilimkhanova, L., Perlenbetov, M., Baimoldayev, T., (...), Bilyalova, G., Bimaganbetova, Z.	2014	Mediterranean Journal of Social Sciences 5(20), с. 2475-2481	0
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This article contains a psychological analysis of the national political culture factors within a multinational state. On this basis, the psychological aspect of social relationship among the representatives of different ethnicities is reflected. The impact of ethnos on the political culture is shown. The main values and determinants of political culture are described; the analysis of the political socialization is reflected; its main types are presented. Also, the national issue within a multinational state is analyzed. The globalization process analysis is performed and its role and impact on the multinational state is reflected.

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